Foods that Fight Pain!

Chronic pain plagues more than 116 million American adults and diet may be contributing to this staggering statistic.

DID YOU KNOW?

If you look in your pantry you could find foods that fight inflammation, block pain signals and can even heal underlying disease.

A typical western diet is rich in foods that promote inflammation, which include highly processed foods and refined carbohydrates.

The power-packed cherry has the ability to help with muscle pain and general inflammation. Why? The compounds in cherries that give them a bright red color, called anthocyanins, pack a heavy punch of antioxidants. These compounds block inflammation and inhibit pain enzymes in the same way that aspirin and other NSAIDS work. In fact, a recent study published in the Journal of Nutrition confirms that cherry consumption can, in fact, help healthy adults reduce inflammation.1

Typically reserved for expectant mothers and sea travelers, the ginger root can do much more than ease nausea. Much like the cherry, ginger can be beneficial in reducing inflammation,2 particularly offering relief from migraines, muscle pain and arthritis.

Try making mint tea to help with headaches and general aches and pain. Wintergreen leaves, in particular, contain a compound called methyl salicylate that has been shown to block the enzymes that cause inflammation and pain.

According to Foods that Fight Pain author Dr. Neal D. Barnard, eating fish low in mercury and high in omega-3 fatty acids can help relieve back pain.3 Omega-3s help improve blood flow by reducing inflammation in blood vessels and nerves. A study published in Pain, the Journal of the International Association for the Study of Pain, suggests that omega-3s provide benefit as an alternative therapy for joint pain and inflammation.3

If you experience headaches and are not a regular coffee drinker, you might see some benefit from having a cup or two when a headache strikes. Caffeine helps narrow the dilated blood vessels that often cause headache pain. But beware: too much coffee can exacerbate headache pain.

Capsaicin, an ingredient in hot peppers, can help reduce pain. In fact, you may notice that many topical creams contain this as a pain-fighting ingredient.